# GREEN AUDIT REPORT 2022-2023



## M.V.MUTHIAH GOVERNMENT ARTS COLLEGE FOR WOMEN

GREEN AUDIT REPORT-2022 - 2023



SUBMITTED BY
DEPARTMENT OF BOTANY

### M.V.MUTHIAH GOVERNMENT ARTS COLLEGE FOR WOMEN

### **DINDIGUL -624 001**

# GREEN AUDIT-2022-23

#### PREPARED BY

### DEPARTMENT OF BOTANY

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**SUBMITTED TO** 

**PRINCIPAL** 

SUBMITTED BY

**EXPERT COMMITTEE** 

# <u>ACKNOWLEDGEMENTS</u>

*Dr.J.P.NIKKITHA.*, ASSISTANT PROFESSOR AND HEAD, DEPARTMENT OF BOTANY, M.V.MUTHIAH
GOVT. ARTS COLLEGE FOR WOMEN, DINDIGUL, IS VERY MUCH THANKFUL TO PRINCIPAL *Dr.D.LAKSHMI* FOR
MOTIVATING US TO CONDUCT THE GREEN AUDIT AND ALSO GRATEFUL TO ALL HEAD OF THE DEPARTMENTS,
BURSAR, SUPERINTENDENT AND ALL OFFICE STAFF MEMBERS.

# **CONTENTS**

s.NO.	TITLE OF THE CONTENT	PAGE NUMBER
1.:	ABOUT THE COLLEGE	3
2.	ABOUT BOTANICAL GARDEN	3
3.	OBJECTIVES OF GREEN CAMPUS	3
4.	NUMBER OF PLANTS AND IMPORTANT SPECIES OF CAMPUS	3
4.1	NUMBER OF SPECIES IN THE PREMISES	4
. 4.2	KEY SPECIES OF PLANTS PRESENT IN THE PREMISES	7
4.3.	NUMBER OF SPECIES IN THE BOTANICAL GARDEN	7
4.4.	MAJOR PLANT FAMILIES AND IMPORTANT SPECIES OF BOTANICAL GARDEN	10
5.	OUTCOME OF MAINTAINING GREENING IN CAMPUS	10

#### 1. About the College

M. V. Muthiah Government Arts college for women, Dindigul was established in the year 1966. The college is Reaccreditated with Grade "A" by NAAC. The college has been providing quality education to the rural students in and around Dindigul District. The college offers 12 UG programmes, 11 PG programmes and 6 Departments are recognized for conducting M.Phil., Research Programmes. The college has almost 2871 students on its rolls in various programmes. The College campus is about 40 acres which include both built up area and open space.

#### 2. About Botanical Garden

Of the 40 acres of the college, 17 acres are exclusively covered by Botanical Garden that has been established in September, 2016. This Botanical Garden is the first of its kind in Government Arts and Science College for Women, Tamil Nadu. The trees present in the premises and the botanical garden make an excellent green ecosystem in the college.

#### 3. Objectives of Green Campus

The development of urban area due to the necessity of increased population on another side reduces the green coverage of our natural environment. Growing of tree species wherever possible not only provides a healthy life style for human population but also acts as a habitat for other species of plants and animals that is vital for the living environment.

The objectives of maintaining green covering of the campus are

- > Providing a healthy environment in college campus
- > Enhancing the awareness towards ecosystem and environmental protection.
- > Creating awareness on cleanliness and pollution control.
- Making the students to study the species of plants, birds, insects and other small animals and improving their knowledge on biodiversity
- > Reducing the noise and air pollution.

# 4. Number of plants and important plant species of College Campus

## 4.1. Number of species in the premises

There are a total number of 390 plants maintained in the college premises. 48 different plant species covers the total number of plants (390) of premises. The plants are from important herbs, shrubs and tree species of different categories (medicinal, ornamental and etc.). The habit of plants varied from herb, shrub, tree, climber and also epiphyte. There are a total of 286 tree species, 65 shrubs, 30 herbs, 9 climbers. The details of plants species such as their botanical name, local and common names and corresponding families are given in Table 1.

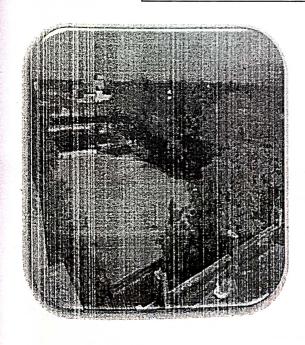
Table 1. List of plants species present in the college premises

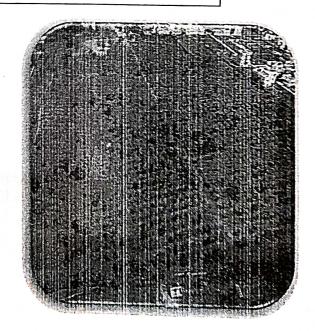
Botanical Name	Common Name	Vernacular Name	Family	Total Number
Pithecellobium dulce	Madras Thorn Manila Tamarind	Kodukkaapuli	Fabaceae	15
Albizia lebbeck	Siris Tree	Vagai	Fabaceae	5
Syzygium cumini	Java Plum	Naval	Myrtaceae	8
Morinda tinctoria	Indian Mulberry	Manjanathi	Rubiaceae	9
Ficus religiosa	Sacred Fig	Arasamaram	Moraceae	3
Bougainvillea spectabilis	Great bougainvillea	Kakithapoo	Nyctaginaceae	8
Acacia leucophloea	White-barked acacia	Velvelam	Fabaceae	3
Senna siamea	Kassod Tree	Manjalkonnai	Fabaceae	10
Mangifera indica	Mango Tree	Mamaram	Anacardiaceae	4
Azadirachta indica	Neem Tree	Veppamaram	Meliaceae	36
Monoon longifolium	Indian mast tree	Nettulingam	Annonaceae	18
Eucalyptus globulus	Southern blue gum	Thailamaram	Myrtaceae	13
Bombax ceiba	Malabar Silk Cotton Tree	Elava Maram	Malvaceae	1
Pongamia pinnata	Indian Beech Tree, Pongame Oil Tree	Pungan	Fabaceae	48
Ixora coccinea	Jungle Geranium	Vedchi /Idly poo	Rubiaceae	7
Thespesia populnea	Portia tree	Poovarasam	Malvaceae	5
Caesalpinia pulcherrima	Peacock flower	Mayil konrai	Caesalpiniaceae	4
Morinda citrifolia	Great Morinda	Ven Nuna	Rubiaceae	19

The second secon	NAMES OF THE PARTY			
Yeus speomorus	Sycamore Plg	Authl maram	Moracene	6
Aziphus jujuba	Jųjubo	Elanthi	Rhamnaceae	5
Opuntia sps.	Prickly pear	Sapathikalli	Cactacono	3
Cassla fistula	Golden Shower Tree	Sarakonral	Fabaceae	39
Tabernaemontana divarleata	Crope Jasmine	Nandiar Vattai	Аросупассас	6
Tveoma stans	Yellow elder	Thanga arali	Bignoniaceae	3
Catharanthus roseus	Madagascar Periwinkle	Nithya kalyani	Apocynaceae	9
Nerium oleander	Oleander	Arali	Apocynaceae	3
Crotons sps.	Crotan	Crotan	Euphorbiaceae	2
Muntingia calabura	Cotton Candy Berry	Scenipazha sedi	Muntingiaceae	3
Acacia auriculiformis	Ear leaf tree	Kaththi Karuvol	Fabaceae	5
Prosopis cineraria	Spunge Tree	Vanni maram	Fabaceae	6
Mella dubia	Malabar Neem	Malai vembu	Meliaceae	5
Datura metal	Horn of Plenty plant	Oomathai	Solanaceae	3
Delonix elata	Creamy Peacock	Vadanarayani	Fabaceae	6
Anisomeles malabarica	Malabar Calmint	Pacimiratti	Lamiaceae	7
Vitex negundo	Five-leaved Chaste Tree	Nochi	Verbenaceae	7
Delonix regia	Flame Tree	Sommayil - Kondrai	Fabaceae	7
Acer saccharinum	Silver Maple Tree	**	Sapindaceae	2
Terminalia catappa	Indian Almond	Nattuvadumai/ Vadham	Combretaceae	4

Ficus benghalensis	Banyan Tree	Aalamaram	Moraceae	2
Euphorbia virosa	Gifboom tree	Kalli chedi	Euphorbiaceae	2
Lantana camara	West Indian Lantana	Unni chedi	Verbenaceae	3
Ocimum basilicum	Great basil	Thiruneetru Pachilai	Lamiaceae	2
Solanum trilobatum	Red Pea egg plant	Thoodhuvalai	Solanaceae	8
Cissus quadrangularis	Adament Creeper	Pirandai	Vitaceae	7
Coleus aromaticus	Mexican Mint	Omavalli	Lamiaceae	3
Centella asiatica	Indian Pennywort	Vallarai	Apiaceae	9
Bryophyllum pinnatum	Life/Air Plant	Ranakalli	Crassulaceae	3
Dalbergia latifolia	Indian Rosewood	Thodhkathi	Fanaceae	4
			TOTAL	390

#### AERIAL VIEW OFCOLLEGE CAMPUS AND BOTANICAL GARDEN





### 4.2 Key species of plants present in the premises

There are important medicinal herbs like Catharanthus roseus, Ocimum sanctum, O. basilicum, Solanum trilobatum, Centella asiatica, Anisomeles malabarica, Coleus aromaticus and Bryophyllum pinnatum maintained in the college. Important medicinal shrubs like Morinda tinctoria, Datura metel, Abutilon indicum, Vitex negundo and ornamental shrubs like Tecoma stans, Ixora coccinea, Crotons, Nerium oleander and Climber like Bougainvillea spectabilis are also grown in the college. Important tree species present in the premises are Ficus religiosa, F. benghalensis, Senna siamea, Acacia leucophloea, A. auriculiformis, Melia dubia, Delonix elata, D. regia and Terminalia catappa.

#### 4.3. Number of species in the Botanical Garden

There are a total number of about 2012 plants maintained in the botanical garden of our college. Of these 2012 plants, 1808 plants are documented and a very few plants could not be identified. The plants are covered by 51 different plant species. The majority of (more than 95%) the plants consists tree species and the remaining are shrubs. These different species are represented by a total of 25 different families. The details such as botanical name, local and common names and corresponding families of the plants present in the garden are listed out and given in Table 2.

Table 2. List of plant species present in the College Botanical Garden

Botanical Name	Common Name	Vernacular Name	Family	Total Number
Pithecellobium dulce	Madras Thorn Manila Tamarind	Kodukkaapuli	Fabaceae	29
Albizia lebbeck	Siris Tree	Vagai	Fabaceae	17
Syzygium cumini	Java Plum	Naval	Myrtaceae	56
	Teak	Thekku	Verbenaceae	10
Tectona grandis	Indian Mulberry	Manjanathi	Rubiaceae	36
Morinda tinctoria	White-barked acacia	Velvelam	Fabaceae	26
Acacia leucophloea		Veppamaram	Meliaceae	880
Azadirachta indica	Neem Tree		Annonggege	6
Monoon longifolium	Indian mast tree	Nettulingam	Annonaceae	

<sub>Eucalyptus</sub> globulus	Southern blue gum	Thailamaram	Myrtaceae	7
P <sub>ongamia</sub> pinnata	Indian Beech Tree, Pongame Oil Tree	Pungan	Fabaceae	350
Thespesia populnea	Portia tree	Poovarasam	Malvaceae	11
Tamārindus indica	Tamarind Tree	Puliamaram	Fabaceae	78
Aegle marmelos	Wood apple Tree	Vilvam	Rutaceae	7
Punica granatum	Pomegranate	Madhulai	Lythraceae	3
Millingtonia hortensis	Indian Cork Tree	Maramalli	Bignoniaceae	10
Bauhinia variegata	Orchid Tree	Mantharai	Fabaceae	4
Lannea coromandelica	Indian ash tree	Odhiyan	Anacardiaceae	8
Pterocarpus santalinus	Red sanders	Semmaram	Fabaceae	23
Michelia champaca	Champak	Senbagam	Magnoliaceae	5
Calophyllum inophyllum	Alexandrian Laurel Tree	Punnai	Calophyllaceae	20
Phyllanthus acidus	Star gooseberry	Arinelli	Phyllanthaceae	11
Phyllanthus emblica	Gooseberry	Nelli	Phyllanthaceae	17
Diospyros ebenum	Ebony	Karungali	Ebenaceae	2
Ficus carica	Fig	Athi	Moraceae	4
Couroupita guianensis	Cannon ball tree	Nagalingam	Lecythidaceae	6
Prunus dulcis	Almond	Vadhumai	Rosaceae	3
Sterculia foetida	Wild almon	Poothakarappan	Malvaeae	4
Cordia dichotoma	Indian Cherry	Naruvili	Boraginaceae	8
Annona reticulata	Wild sweet sop	Ramar Seethapazham	Annonaceae	11

Wrightia tinctoria	Dyer's oleander	Veppalai	Apocynaceae	4
<sub>Mimusops</sub> elengi	Spanish Cherry	Magizham	Sapotaceae	5
Clusia rosea	Autograph tree	-	Clusiaceae	6
Achras sapota	Sapodilla	Sapota	Sapotaceae	4
<sub>Manilkara</sub> hexandra	Ceylon Iron Wood	Ulakkaipalai	Sapotaceae	8
Malva pentandra	Mallow tree	Panchu maram	Malvaceae	13
Psidium guajava	Guava	Koyya Maram	Myrtaceae	5
Abrus precatorius	Rosary Pea	Kundrimani	Fabaceae	3
Elaeocarpus angustifolius	Blue marble tree	Rudraksham	Elaeocarpaceae	2
Terminalia chebula	Black Myrobalan	Kadukkai	Combretaceae	2
Terminalia bellirica	Myrobalan	Thanrikai	Combretaceae	1
Terminalia arjuna	Arjun Tree	Marudhamaram	Combretaceae	2
Caesalpinia	Peacock flower	Mayil konrai	Caesalpiniaceae	5
pulcherrima Ziziphus jujuba	Jujube	Elanthi	Rhamnaceae	15
Cassia fistula	Golden Shower Tree	Sarakonrai	Fabaceae	12
		Seenipazha sedi	Muntingiaceae	15
Muntingia calabura		Vanni maram	Fabaceae	7
Prosopis cineraria	Spunge Tree	Malai vembu	Meliaceae	7
Melia dubia	Malabar Neem Five-leaved Chaste	Nochi	Verbenaceae	3
Vitex negundo	Tree	Semmayil -	Fabaceae	13
Delonix regia	Flame Tree	Kondrai		

Terminalia catappa	Indian Almond	Nattuvadumai/ Vadham	Combretaceae	17
Ficus benghalensis	Banyan Tree	Aalamaram	Moraceae	7
			TOTAL	1808

# 4.4.Major Plant families and important plant species of Botanical Garden

The different species maintained in the botanical garden are coming under a total number of 25 different families. The members of Meliaceae and Fabaceae are found dominant in the Botanical garden. There are medicinally as well as economically important tree species like Azadirachta indica, Syzygium cumini, Pongamia pinnata, Calophyllum inophyllum, Tamarindus indicus, Terminalia chebula, T. bellirica, Phyllanthus emblica and Melia dubia, economically important plants like Tectona grandis, Pterocarpus santalinus and Acacia leucophloea are present in the garden. The Botanical garden to its fame and holiness contains sacred tree species like Ficus religiosa, Ficus benghalensis, Aegle marmelos, Crescentia alata, Elaeocarpus angustifolius and Lagestroemia speciosa

### 5. Outcome of maintaining greening in Campus

The enormous plant diversity of the college premises and botanical garden of our college provides a rich biodiversity and great green coverage. The major outcomes from this are

- About 3150 students benefitted by visiting this rich biodiversity of the campus during environmental study field visit
- Created awareness among students, their parents, faculties and staff member on Green and Clean environment
- > Sequestration of CO<sub>2</sub> level and reduced noise pollution inside the college campus
- Enhanced ecosystem development and management

# RECOMMENDATIONS

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  2. Helps for oxygen Evolution merch compus

  3. areanery sononent for coleus, then compus

  4. Pollytion free compus

  5. Entances Birds Population

#### **EXPERT COMMITTEE**

Dr. M. RAZIA

Assistant Professor Department of Biotechnology Mother Teresa Women's University KODAIKANAL - 624 101

DATE: 1 20-4 2023

PLACE: DINDIGUL