

எம்.வி.முத்தையா அரசு மகளிர் கலைக்கல்லூரி M.V. Muthiah Government Arts College for Women (Affiliated to Mother Teresa Women's University, Kodaikanal) Re-accredited with 'A' Grade by NAAC Dindigul - 624001, Tamilnadu

GREEN AUDIT REPORT 2020-2021-



M.V.MUTHIAH GOVERNMENT ARTS COLLEGE FOR WOMEN

DINDIGUL -624 001

GREEN AUDIT-2020-2021

PREPARED BY

DEPARTMENT OF BOTANY

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SUBMITTED TO

PRINCIPAL

SUBMITTED BY

EXPERT COMMITTEE

ACKNOWLEDGEMENTS

Dr.J.P.NIKKITHA., ASSISTANT PROFESSOR AND HEAD, DEPARTMENT OF BOTANY, M.V.MUTHIAH
GOVT. ARTS COLLEGE FOR WOMEN, DINDIGUL, IS VERY MUCH THANKFUL TO PRINCIPAL Or.D.LAKSHMI FOR
MOTIVATING US TO CONDUCT THE GREEN AUDIT AND ALSO GRATEFUL TO ALL HEAD OF THE DEPARTMENTS,
BURSAR, SUPERINTENDENT AND ALL OFFICE STAFF MEMBERS.

CONTENTS

S.No.	Title of the content	Page Number
1.	About the College	3
2.	About Botanical Garden	3
3.	Objectives of Green Campus	3
4.	Number of plants and important species of Campus	4
4.1	Number of species in the premises	4
4.2	Key species of plants present in the premises	7
4.3.	Number of species in the Botanical Garden	10
4.4.	Major Plant families and important species of Botanical Garden	13
5.	Maintenance of Plants and green coverage	15
6.	Outcome of maintaining greening in Campus	15

1. About the College

M. V. Muthiah Government Arts college for women, Dindigul was established in the year 1966. The college is Reaccredited with Grade "A" by NAAC. The college has been providing quality education to the rural students in and around Dindigul District. The college offers 13 UG programmes, 11 PG programmes and 7 Departments are recognized for conducting M.Phil., Research Programmes. The college has almost 3300 students on its rolls in various programmes. The College campus is about 40 acres which include both built up area and open space.

2. About Botanical Garden

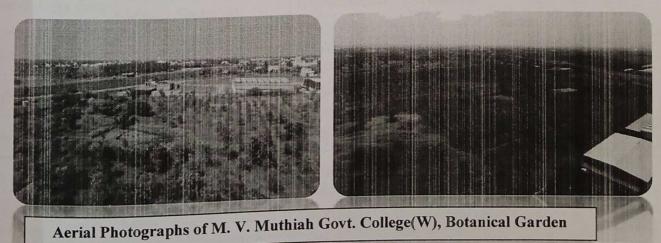
Of the 40 acres of the college, 17 acres are exclusively covered by Botanical Garden that has been established in September, 2016. This Botanical Garden is the first of its kind in Government Arts and Science College for Women, Tamil Nadu. The trees present in the premises and the botanical garden make an excellent green ecosystem in the college.

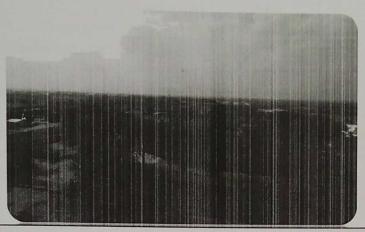
3. Objectives of Green Campus

The development of urban area due to the necessity of increased population on another side reduces the green coverage of our natural environment. Growing of tree species wherever possible not only provides a healthy life style for human population but also acts as a habitat for other species of plants and animals that is vital for the living environment.

The objectives of maintaining green covering of the campus are

- Providing a healthy environment in college campus
- Enhancing the awareness towards ecosystem and environmental protection.
- Creating awareness on cleanliness and pollution control.
- Making the students to study the species of plants, birds, insects and other small animalss and improving their knowledge on biodiversity
- Reducing the noise and air pollution.





Aerial Photograph of M. V. Muthiah Govt. College(W), Premises

4. Number of plants and important plant species of College Campus

4.1. Number of species in the premises

There are a total number of 444 plants maintained in the college premises. 46 different plant species covers the total number of plants (444) of premises. The plants are from important herbs, shrubs and tree species of different categories (medicinal, ornamental and etc.). The habit of plants varied from herb, shrub, tree, climber and also epiphyte. There are a total of 330 tree species, 75 shrubs, 31 herbs, 6 climbers and 2 epiphytes. The details of plants species such as their botanical name, local and common names and corresponding families are given in Table 1.

Table 1. List of plants species present in the college premises

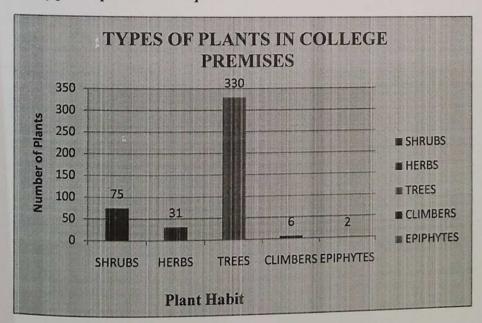
Botanical Name	Common Name	Vernacular Name	Family	Total Number
Pithecellobium dulce	Madras Thorn Manila Tamarind	Kodukkaapuli	Fabaceae	17
Albizia lebbeck	Siris Tree	Vagai	Fabaceae	5
Syzygium cumini	Java Plum	Naval	Myrtaceae	12
Morinda tinctoria	Indian Mulberry	Manjanathi	Rubiaceae	10
Ficus religiosa	Sacred Fig	Arasamaram	Moraceae	6
Bougainvillea spectabilis	Great bougainvillea	Kakithapoo	Nyctaginaceae	4

Acacia leucophloea	White-barked acacia	Velvelam	Fabaceae	3
Senna siamea	Kassod Tree	Manjalkonnai	Fabaceae	15
Mangifera indica	Mango Tree	Mamaram	Anacardiaceae	4
Azadirachta indica	Neem Tree	Veppamaram	Meliaceae	57
Monoon longifolium	Indian mast tree	Nettulingam	Annonaceae	15
Eucalyptus globulus	Southern blue gum	Thailamaram	Myrtaceae	14
Bombax ceiba	Malabar Silk Cotton Tree	Elava Maram	Malvaceae	1
Pongamia pinnata	Indian Beech Tree, Pongame Oil Tree	Pungan	Fabaceae	53
Ixora coccinea	Jungle Geranium	Vedchi /Idly poo	Rubiaceae	7
Thespesia populnea	Portia tree	Poovarasam	Malvaceae	5
Bauhinia purpurea	Butterfly tree	Mantharai	Fabaceae	3
Caesalpinia pulcherrima	Peacock flower	Mayil konrai	Caesalpiniaceae	6
Morinda citrifolia	Great Morinda	Ven Nuna	Rubiaceae	13
Ficus sycomorus	Sycamore Fig	Aathi maram	Moraceae	6
Ziziphus jujuba	Jujube	Elanthi	Rhamnaceae	8
Vanda tessellata	Grey Vanda	Kantanakuli	Orchidaceae	2
Opuntia sps.	Prickly pear	Sapathikalli	Cactaceae	3
Cassia fistula	Golden Shower Tree	Sarakonrai	Fabaceae	47
Tabernaemontana divaricata	Crepe Jasmine	Nandiar Vattai	Apocynaceae	6
Tecoma stans	Yellow elder	Thanga arali	Bignoniaceae	3

The second secon				
Catharanthus roseus	Madagascar Periwinkle	Nithya kalyani	Apocynaceae	5
Nerium oleander	Oleander	Arali	Apocynaceae	3
Crotons sps.	Crotan	Crotan	Euphorbiaceae	2
Muntingia calabura	Cotton Candy Berry	Seenipazha sedi	Muntingiaceae	3
Acacia auriculiformis	Ear leaf tree	Kaththi Karuvel	Fabaceae	4
Phyllanthus reticulatus	Black honey shrub	Pula Chedi	Phyllanthaceae	2
Prosopis cineraria	Spunge Tree	Vanni maram	Fabaceae	7
Melia dubia	Malabar Neem	Malai vembu	Meliaceae	5
Datura metal	Horn of Plenty plant	Oomathai	Solanaceae	3
Abutilon indicum	Indian Mallow	Thuthi	Malvaceae	13
Delonix elata	Creamy Peacock Flower	Vadanarayani	Fabaceae	4
Anisomeles malabarica	Malabar Calmint	Paeimiratti	Lamiaceae	4
Calotropis gigantea	Giant Calotrope	Erukku	Apocynaceae	5
Vitex negundo	Five-leaved Chaste Tree	Nochi	Verbenaceae	7
Delonix regia	Flame Tree	Semmayil - Kondrai	Fabaceae	9
Acer saccharinum	Silver Maple Tree	-	Sapindaceae	2
Terminalia catappa	Indian Almond	Nattuvadumai/ Vadham	Combretaceae	5
Ficus benghalensis	Banyan Tree	Aalamaram	Moraceae	4
Euphorbia virosa	Gifboom tree	Kalli chedi	Euphorbiaceae	2
Lantana camara	West Indian Lantana	Unni chedi	Verbenaceae	3

Ocimum sanctum	Holy basil	Thulasi	Lamiaceae	
Ocimum basilicum	Great basil	Thiruneetru Pachilai	Lamiaceae	2
Solanum trilobatum	Red Pea egg plant	Thoodhuvalai	Solanaceae	2
Cissus quadrangularis	Adament Creeper	Pirandai	Vitaceae	2
Coleus aromaticus	Mexican Mint	Omavalli	Lamiaceae	4
Centella asiatica	Indian Pennywort	Vallarai	Apiaceae	10
Bryophyllum pinnatum	Life/Air Plant	Ranakalli	Crassulaceae	2
Dalbergia latifolia	Indian Rosewood	Thodhkathi	Fanaceae	2
Alstonia scholaris	Blackboard Tree	Aezhilaipalai	Apocynaceae	1
			TOTAL	444

4.2 Key species of plants present in the premises



There are important medicinal herbs like Catharanthus roseus, Ocimum sanctum, O. basilicum, Solanum trilobatum, Centella asiatica, Anisomeles malabarica, Coleus aromaticus and Bryophyllum pinnatum maintained in the college. Important medicinal shrubs like Morinda tinctoria, Datura metel, Abutilon indicum, Vitex negundo and ornamental shrubs like Tecoma

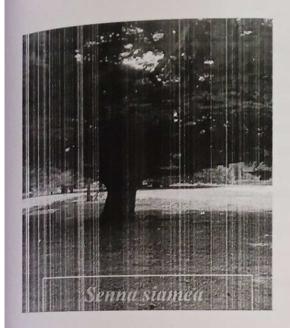
stora coccinea, Crotons, Nerium oleander and Climber like Bougainvillea spectabilis are liso grown in the college. Important tree species present in the premises are Ficus religiosa, F. also grown in the college, Acacia leucophloea, A. auriculiformis, Melia dubia, Delonix elata, benghalensis, Senna siamea, Acacia leucophloea, A. auriculiformis, Melia dubia, Delonix elata, p. regia and Terminalia catappa.

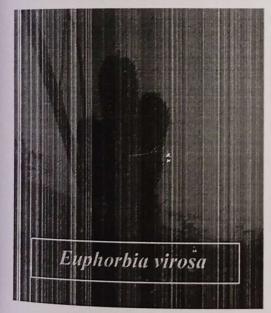




















4.3. Number of species in the Botanical Garden

There are a total number of about 2012 plants maintained in the botanical garden of our college. Of these 2012 plants, 1983 plants are documented and a very few plants could not be identified. The plants are covered by 60 different plant species. The majority of (more than 95%) the plants consists tree species and the remaining are shrubs. These different species are represented by a total of 29 different families. The details such as botanical name, local and common names and corresponding families of the plants present in the garden are listed out and given in Table 2.

Table 2. List of plant species present in the College Botanical Garden

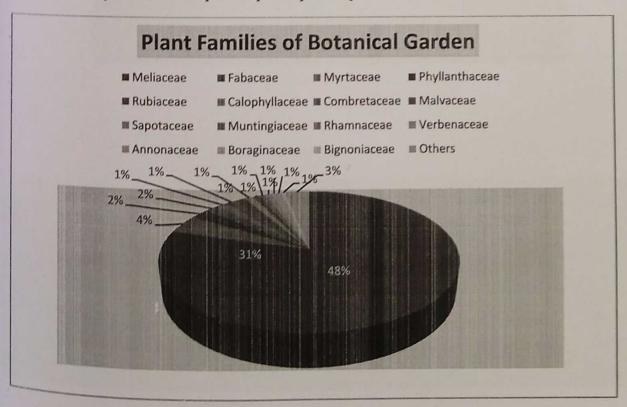
Botanical Name	Common Name	Vernacular Name	Family	Total Number
Pithecellobium dulce	Madras Thorn Manila Tamarind	Kodukkaapuli	Fabaceae	27
Albizia lebbeck	Siris Tree	Vagai	Fabaceae	13
Syzygium cumini	Java Plum	Naval	Myrtaceae	73
Tectona grandis	Teak	Thekku	Verbenaceae	13
Morinda tinctoria	Indian Mulberry	Manjanathi	Rubiaceae	35
Butea monosperma	Flame of the Forest	Palaasu	Fabaceae	7
Acacia leucophloea	White-barked acacia	Velvelam	Fabaceae	26
Azadirachta indica	Neem Tree	Veppamaram	Meliaceae	941
Monoon longifolium	Indian mast tree	Nettulingam	Annonaceae	6
Eucalyptus globulus	Southern blue gum	Thailamaram	Myrtaceae	7
Pongamia pinnata	Indian Beech Tree, Pongame Oil Tree	Pungan	Fabaceae	352
Thespesia populnea	Portia tree	Poovarasam	Malvaceae	14
Tamarindus indica	Tamarind Tree	Puliamaram	Fabaceae	128

Aegle marmelos	Wood apple Tree	Vilvam	Rutaceae	7
Punica granatum	Pomegranate	Madhulai	Lythraceae	2
Leucaena leucocephala	River Tamarind	Savundal	Fabaceae	2
Millingtonia hortensis	Indian Cork Tree	Maramalli	Bignoniaceae	9
Bauhinia variegata	Orchid Tree	Mantharai	Fabaceae	5
Lannea coromandelica	Indian ash tree	Odhiyan	Anacardiaceae	8
Pterocarpus santalinus	Red sanders	Semmaram	Fabaceae	20
Michelia champaca	Champak	Senbagam	Magnoliaceae	5
Calophyllum inophyllum	Alexandrian Laurel Tree	Punnai	Calophyllaceae	27
Phyllanthus acidus	Star gooseberry	Arinelli	Phyllanthaceae	11
Phyllanthus emblica	Gooseberry	Nelli	Phyllanthaceae	32
Crescentia alata	Calabash	Thiruvodu	Bignoniaceae	2
Diospyros ebenum	Ebony	Karungali	Ebenaceae	3
Ficus carica	Fig	Athi	Moraceae	4
Couroupita guianensis	Cannon ball tree	Nagalingam	Lecythidaceae	3
Swietenia macrophylla	Mahogany	Mahakani	Meliaceae	7
Prunus dulcis	Almond	Vadhumai	Rosaceae	3
Sterculia foetida	Wild almon	Poothakarappan	Malvaeae	3
Cordia dichotoma	Indian Cherry	Naruvili	Boraginaceae	11

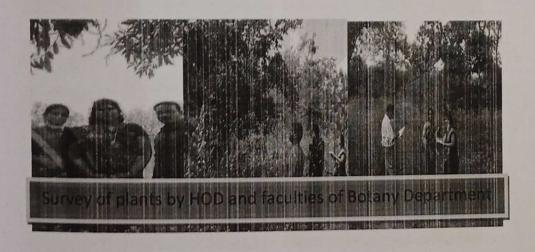
Annona reticulata	Wild sweet sop	Ramar Seethapazham	Annonaceae	7
Wrightia tinctoria	Dyer's oleander	Veppalai	Apocynaceae	4
Mimusops elengi	Spanish Cherry	Magizham	Sapotaceae	5
Clusia rosea	Autograph tree	-	Clusiaceae	2
Achras sapota	Sapodilla	Sapota	Sapotaceae	3
Manilkara hexandra	Ceylon Iron Wood	Ulakkaipalai	Sapotaceae	14
Malva pentandra	Mallow tree	Panchu maram	Malvaceae	8
Psidium guajava	Guava	Koyya Maram	Myrtaceae	5
Carica papaya	Papaya	Pappali	Caricaceae	1
Lagerstroemia speciosa	Pride of India	Poomarudhu	Lythraceae	5
Abrus precatorius	Rosary Pea	Kundrimani	Fabaceae	3
Elaeocarpus angustifolius	Blue marble tree	Rudraksham	Elaeocarpaceae	2
Terminalia chebula	Black Myrobalan	Kadukkai	Combretaceae	2
Terminalia bellirica	Myrobalan	Thanrikai	Combretaceae	1
Terminalia arjuna	Arjun Tree	Marudhamaram	Combretaceae	2
Strychnos potatorum	Clearing Nut tree	Thetrankottai	Loganiaceae)	2
Caesalpinia pulcherrima	Peacock flower	Mayil konrai	Caesalpiniaceae	5
Ziziphus jujuba	Jujube	Elanthi	Rhamnaceae	16

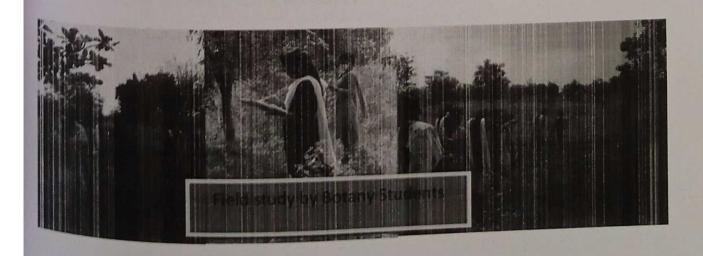
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Muntingia calabura	Cotton Candy Berry	Seenipazha sedi	Muntingiaceae	17
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Melia dubia	Malabar Neem	Malai vembu	Meliaceae	7
Vitex negundo	Five-leaved Chaste Tree	Nochi	Verbenaceae	3
Delonix regia	Flame Tree	Semmayil - Kondrai	Fabaceae	12
Terminalia catappa	Indian Almond	Nattuvadumai/ Vadham	Combretaceae	21
Ficus benghalensis	Banyan Tree	Aalamaram	Moraceae	5
			TOTAL	1983

4.4. Major Plant families and important plant species of Botanical Garden



The different species maintained in the botanical garden are coming under a total number of 29 different families. The members of Meliaceae and Fabaceae (Figure 2) are found dominant in the Botanical garden. There are medicinally as well as economically important tree species like Azadirachta indica, Syzygium cumini, Pongamia pinnata, Calophyllum inophyllum, Tamarindus indicus, Terminalia chebula, T. bellirica, Phyllanthus emblica and Melia dubia, economically important plants like Tectona grandis, Pterocarpus santalinus and Acacia leucophloea are present in the garden. The Botanical garden to its fame and holiness contains sacred tree species like Ficus religiosa, Ficus benghalensis, Aegle marmelos, Crescentia alata, Elaeocarpus angustifolius and Lagestroemia speciosa





5. Maintenance of Plants and green coverage

The plants of the campus are maintained by Ecoclub, students and faculties of department of Botany and also other student and staff volunteers of our college. There is enough water supply provided by the college for the maintenance of the plant species. In addition to this, our college has proper rainwater harvesting system, which enables the storage and usage of rain water for garden purpose also.



6. Outcome of maintaining greening in Campus

The enormous plant diversity of the college premises and botanical garden of our college provides a rich biodiversity and great green coverage. The major outcomes from this are

- About 3000 students benefitted by visiting this rich biodiversity of the campus during environmental study field visit
- Created awareness among students, their parents, faculties and staff member on Green and Clean environment
- ➤ Sequestration of CO₂ level and reduced noise pollution inside the college campus
- Enhanced ecosystem development and management

RECOMMENDATIONS

- Haintained Properly Eco-friendly

- 4.
- 5.

EXPERT COMMITTEE

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DATE: 24.04.2021

PLACE: DINDIGUL